GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HOME AFFAIRS
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:69
ANSWERED ON:08.07.2014
DEVELOPMENT OF EXTREMISM AFFECTED AREAS
Singh Shri Sunil Kumar

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the problem of naxalism and extremism still exist in various parts of the country;

(b) if so, the details of the areas identified in this regard;

(c) whether any scheme is being formulated to implement development works and schemes in naxal and extremists affected areas of the country; and

(d) if so, the details of major schemes formulated in this regard including for Chatra district of Jharkhand?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI KIREN RIJIJU)

(a) & (b): Yes Madam. Ten States of the country viz Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Telangana, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal are considered to be the LWE affected States in varying degrees. Among these states, the states of Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Odisha and Bihar are considered to be severely affected; West Bengal, Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh and Telangana are considered partially affected; Uttar Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh are considered slightly affected. The CPI (Maoist), which is the largest Maoist outfit in the country, is responsible for most of the violent incidents in the country. The CPI (Maoist) cadres are also making forays at the tri-junction of Kerala, Karnataka and Tamil Nadu and trying to establish their bases in the area. The CPI (Maoist) party is trying to establish organizational bases in the North East with a view to forge relations with other insurgent groups to meet its military requirements. The list of violence affected Districts (2013) and 2014 (up to June 2014) are enclosed (Annexure-'A' and Annexure-'B' respectively).

L.S.U.S.Q.NO. 69 FOR 08.07.2014

(c) & (d): The Additional Central Assistance (ACA) for the LWE affected districts, being implemented by the Planning Commission and the Road Requirement Plan (RRP-I), being implemented by the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, are the two developmental schemes which focus specifically on the LWE affected districts.

The Additional Central Assistance for LWE affected districts, which focuses on creation of public infrastructure and services, was earlier being implemented as the Integrated Action Plan (IAP) since the year 2010-11. The continuation of IAP as ACA Scheme for the remaining years of the 12th Five Year Plan was approved by the Government on 01.08.2013. The scheme which initially covered 60 districts, now covers 88 districts including 76 LWE affected districts in the 10 LWE affected States. Chatra district of Jharkhand is amongst the districts covered from the beginning under the scheme. The fund allocation per district per year under the scheme was Rs. 25.00 crores in the year 2010-11 and Rs. 30.00 crores in the subsequent years. Under the scheme, out of 1,37,733 projects taken up in 10 LWE affected states, 1,07,145 projects have been completed so far and against a total of Rs. 7,299.00 crores of central funds released so far the expenditure reported is Rs. 6,561.36 crores.

RRP-I being implemented since 2009-10 in 34 LWE affected districts including Chatra district of Jharkhand, envisages development of 5,477 kms of roads in 8 LWE affected states at an estimated cost of Rs. 7,300.00 crore. Out of this, a total length of 3,075 kms has been completed and an expenditure of Rs. 3,933.00 crores incurred as on 31.05.2014. The works under RRP-I are targeted to be completed by March, 2015.